

EAN code COS-2/230V: 8595188155434 COS-2/110V: 8595188152280 COS-2/400V: 8595188152365 COS-2/24V: 8595188155441

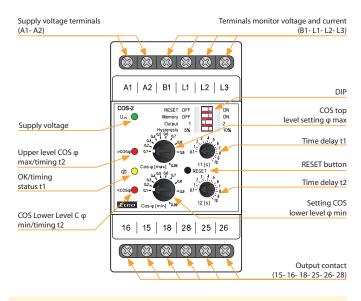
Standards:

Technical parameters	COS-2		
Supply			
Supply terminals:	A1 - A2		
Voltage range:	AC 230 V, AC 110 V, AC 400 V or		
	AC/DC 24 V (AC 50-60 Hz)		
Burden max.:	2.5 W/5 VA (AC 110 V, AC 230 V, AC 400 V),		
	1.4 W/2 VA (AC/DC 24 V)		
Max. dissipated power			
(Un + terminals):	4 W		
Operating range:	-15 %; +10 %		
Measuring			
Voltage set:	3x 400 V/230 V (50-60 Hz)		
Terminals:	L1, L2, L3, B1		
Upper level cos-φ:	adjustable 0.1 - 0.99		
Bottom level cos-φ:	adjustable 0.1 - 0.99		
Max. permanent voltage:	(input L1, L2, L3) AC 3x 460 V		
Current range:	0.1 - 16 A		
Current overloading:	20 A (< 3 sec.)		
Hysteresis:	adjustable 5 % or 10 %		
Time delay t1:	adjustable 0.1 - 10 s		
Time delay t2:	adjustable 0.1 - 10 s		
Accuracy			
Accuracy setting (mechanical):	5 %		
Accuracy of repetition:	< 1 %		
Temperature dependance:	< 0.1 %/°C (°F)		
Limit values tolerance:	5%		
Output			
Number of contacts:	2x changeover/SPDT (AgNi/Silver Alloy)		
Current rating:	16 A/AC1; 1 HP 240 Vac, 1/2 HP 120 Vac; PD. B300		
Breaking capacity:	4000 VA/AC1, 384 W/DC		
Inrush current:	20 A/< 3 s		
Switching voltage:	250 V AC/24 V DC		
Output indication:	yellow LED		
Mechanical life:	10.000.000 ops.		
Electrical life (AC1):	100.000 ops.		
Other information			
Operating temperature:	−20 55 °C (−4 131 °F)		
Storage temperature:	−30 70 °C (−22 158 °F)		
Dielectrical strength:	4 kV (supply - output)		
Operating position:	any		
Mounting:	DIN rail EN 60715		
Protection degree:	IP40 from front panel/IP20 terminals		
Overvoltage category:			
Pollution degree:	2		
Max. cable size (mm <sup>2</sup> ):	max. 1x 2.5, max. 2x1.5/		
,	with sleeve max. 1x 1.5 (AWG 12)		
Dimensions:	90 x 52 x 65 mm (3.5" x 2" x 2.6")		
Weight:	243 g/8.6 oz (230 V, 110 V, 400 V); 141 g/5 oz (24 V)		
	2+3 g/3.0 02 (230 v, 110 v, 400 v), 141 g/3 02 (24 v)		

EN 60255-1, EN 60255-26, EN 6255-27

- Relay monitors phase shift between current and voltage in 3-phase or 1-phase networks - evaluates COS φ (replacement COS-1).
- The relay is designed to monitor overload/relieve the motors.
- Relay is designed for 3 x 400/230 V circuits.
- Galvanically isolated power supply AC 230 V, AC 110 V, AC 400 V or AC/DC 24 V.
- Adjustable upper and lower level COS φ.
- Possibility to extend the current range using a current transformer.
- Two output relays (for each level independent).
- Adjustable delay eliminating engine start-up.

## Description



#### Description and importance of DIP switches

RESET OFF	ON 🚽	Enable reset by button
Memory OFF	ON 🔫	Memory error state
Output 1	2	Relay function setting
Hysteresis 5%	10% 🔫	Hysteresis setting

# Connection

Connection with current transformer

3-phase connection 1-phase

L1

L2

13



A1 A2 B1 L1 L2 L3

4

inner

shunt

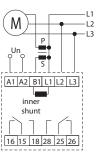
16 15 18 28 25 26

Μ

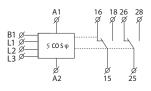
Un

L1

N



## Symbol



М

Un

A1 A2 B1 L1 L2 L3

16 15 18 28 25 26

L

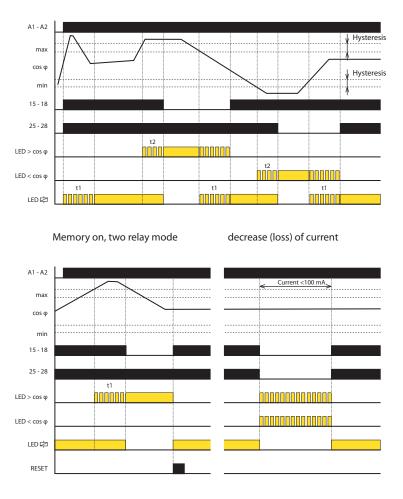
inner

shunt

109



## Status after switching on power, two relay mode



After powering on, the device sets the delay time t1 and yellow LED flashes. Both relays are switched on. The delay serves to eliminate a faulty state when starting the motor. After the time delay t1 begins monitoring  $COS \phi$  only.

If the COS  $\phi$  is in the band between the upper and lower limits set, both relays are switched on and the yellow LED is on.

If the COS  $\phi$  is outside the set limits (> COS  $\phi$  max or <COS  $\phi$  min), an error condition occurs - the time t2 is delayed while the red LED corresponding to the COS  $\phi$  blinks at the same time. After the time delay t2 red LED lights and the corresponding relay remains off.

When the COS  $\phi$  returns to set limits, the time t1 is delayed and the yellow LED flashes at the same time as the corresponding red LED. After the time delay stops blinking yellow LED, the corresponding red LED turns off and the relay switches on.

At low wattage (<100 mA) or with a power failure, an error is reported by the simultaneous blinking of both red LEDs. After resuming the voltage or the current being watched, the relay returns to the normal state where the COS  $\phi$  value is monitored.

When the memory is turned off (DIP switch 2 OFF) and the allowable reset (DIP switch 1 ON), the pressing state is reached after the power is turned on, i.e. flashing yellow LED, both relays are switched on, with time delay t1.

When the memory (DIP switch 2 ON) is in an error state (high or low value for  $\cos \varphi$ ) it should be reset (by pressing the RESET button).